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| FRUCOM NEWSLETTER 18/09/2023* FRUCOM ACTIVITIES
	+ FRUCOM open discussion and dinner, 16th November, Hamburg - hotel booking and registration details
	+ FRUCOM event 5-6 October: updated list of confirmed speakers and participants - request for members' questions
	+ Agri-food chain sustainability roundtable meeting, proposed next webinar
* ALL PRODUCTS
	+ Kidney beans, cranberries and peanut butter - EU and US Section 232 tariffs: Coalition and agri-food chain letters on the permanent removal of tariffs
	+ Pesticides: EU to discuss multiple commonly used pesticides, drafts available
	+ Contaminants: EFSA opinion on mineral oil
	+ Health claims made on foods: new study by EU Parliament
	+ Pesticides: new MRLs for denatonium benzoate, diuron, etoxazole, methomyl and teflubenzuron
	+ Pesticides: extension of the approval periods of multiple active substances, including MCPA and thymol
	+ Pesticides: new MRLs for pyriproxyfen
	+ Pesticides: renewed approval of the low-risk active substance Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV)
	+ RASFF NOTIFICATIONS: 2023/37 (11/09/2023 - 17/09/2023)
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| FRUCOM ACTIVITIESFRUCOM OPEN DISCUSSION AND DINNER, 16TH NOVEMBER, HAMBURG - HOTEL BOOKING AND REGISTRATION DETAILSThe FRUCOM event will be held on November 16th in the Grand Elysée hotel. We will start with an open discussion at 6.00 PM and have a cocktail and a dinner at 7.30 PM CET.To register: <https://www.eventbrite.be/e/frucom-open-discussion-and-dinner-registration-707816376837?aff=oddtdtcreator>The secretariat will briefly present the state of play and give the opportunity for members to comment on:1. FRUCOM activities carried out since the 2023 General Assembly2. Main issues related to the working groups:a. dried fruit and nutsb. processed fruit, vegetables and seafoodc. sustainabilityd. nutrition and communication3. AOBThe contribution to cover FRUCOM cocktail and dinner costs of 95 euros is requested. This does not cover hotel accomodation or Waren-Verein events. Please indicate if you have special dietary requirements in the form and we will do our best to accomodate them. Please note that we will not issue invoices and the confirmation of eventbrite is in place of an invoice.On the following day, Friday, 17.11.2023, our members the Waren-Verein will host the European Trade Meeting (ETM) on the topic "Paths to Sustainability", 09:00 am-03:45 pm CET. Please see the agenda in eventbrite link.To book your room, please use the form in eventbrite link. A contingent of guest rooms is available for overnight stays. Book a single room for 190 Euro or a double room for 210 Euro (breakfast for an extra of 28 euro) until 05.10.2023 or until allotment is exhausted. Reservations are accepted under the keyword "Waren-Verein ETM" via reservierung@grand-elysee.com or by telephone at 00 49 40 4141 2222. Cancellation of accomodation free of charge is possible up to 3 working days before arrival. Please note that only a limited number of discounted rooms are available and a room from the contingent cannot be guaranteed.Following the ETM, the traditional annual dinner of the Waren-Verein will take place from 6:00 pm. To register for the Waren-Verein meeting or/and dinner or if you have any questions, please send an e-mail to u.thote@waren-verein.de. FRUCOM EVENT 5-6 OCTOBER: UPDATED LIST OF CONFIRMED SPEAKERS AND PARTICIPANTS - REQUEST FOR MEMBERS' QUESTIONSConfirmed speakers:- Garth Thorburn, US Minister Counselor (tentative)- Max Shulman, COPA - the EU Farmers' organisation - chair of the working party on pesticides and oats farmer- Frans Verstraete, European Commission, Deputy Head of Unit, Directorate General for Health and Food- Katleen Baert, European Commission, Directorate General for Health and Food Safety, Unit Food processing technologies and novel foods, on additives/sulphites reauthorisation- Ece Durukan, CEEREAL President, Head of Nutrition, Regulatory and Scientific Affairs at Cereal Partners Worldwide (Nestlé & General Mills)- Stephanie Bodenbach, European Commission, Directorate General for Health and Food Safety, Unit Antimicrobial Resistance, Human Nutrition- Nina Peacock, Chair of CEEREAL Nutrition, Communications & Sustainability Working Group- EUROPEN, the European Organisation for Packaging and the Environment- Maja Desgrées du Loû, European Commission, DG ENV Policy Officer for Packaging and Packaging Waste Directive- Jenny Wassenaar, Chief Sustainability Officer & SVP Global R&D Trivium PackagingThe updated list of participants is available here: [Registered participants 18 September](https://frucom.eu/component/attachments/attachments.html?task=attachment&id=2150)The full information about the programme and registration are available [here](https://www.eventbrite.co.uk/e/5-6-october-joint-frucom-ceereal-in-person-event-tickets-630759537757?aff=oddtdtcreator).FRUCOM-Ceereal event will be on the 6th of October. All information on the event (speakers, agenda, registration) can be found here: <https://frucom.eu/product/4246-frucom-event-5-6-october-updated-list-of-confirmed-speakers-and-participants.html>If members have specific topics of interest regarding contaminants, SO2 or other additives, official controls, please send your questions and/or comments to ksaari@frucom.eu or aboulova@frucom.eu by Monday 25 September.Contact: info@frucom.euAGRI-FOOD CHAIN SUSTAINABILITY ROUNDTABLE MEETING, PROPOSED NEXT WEBINARA meeting of the members of the Agri-food chain sustainability roundtable took place on 18 September, looking at the activities of the roundtable and ongoing policy initiatives of the European Commission on sustainability which could have implications for agri-food trade and production.Key outcomes of the meeting:- To plan a next webinar on sustainability reporting and EU reporting obligations. A date will be confirmed in the coming weeks, and the focus of the webinar will be on best practices on sustainability reporting for businesses and the regulatory framework for sustainability reporting in the EU of implication for the agri-food sector and traders (Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive, Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive).- Packaging and Packaging Waste Regulation: the discussions at Parliament are proceeding and a vote in Plenary is expected in October, but positions of the various Parliament Committees are still quite far apart.- Framework on Sustainable Food Systems: concern was raised whether the Commission would even be able to publish the initiative this year.Contact: Lebo Mofolo, lmofolo@frucom.euALL PRODUCTSKIDNEY BEANS, CRANBERRIES AND PEANUT BUTTER - EU AND US SECTION 232 TARIFFS: COALITION AND AGRI-FOOD CHAIN LETTERS ON THE PERMANENT REMOVAL OF TARIFFSFRUCOM has been participating on discussions on the permanent removal of the Steel and Aluminium tariffs and EU retaliatory tariffs as part of the Section 232 Coalition and with other agri-food chain organisations.The latest outcome of these discussions are two letters, one of the coalition, and one of a smaller group of agri-food chain industry bodies affected by the EU retaliatory tariffs. Both letters can be found below, and FRUCOM welcomes any comments from members.Coalition draft letter: [Letter to Presidents Biden and von der Leyen](https://frucom.eu/component/attachments/attachments.html?task=attachment&id=2151)Agri-food chain draft letter: [Section 232 -Draft GSA Conclusion letter cranberries and peanuts Draft](https://frucom.eu/component/attachments/attachments.html?task=attachment&id=2152)The products of concern to FRUCOM members under the EU’s 2018 rebalancing measures against the US Section 232 tariffs were: US Kidney beans (0713 33 90), Peanut butter (2008 11 10) and Concentrate cranberry (in codes 2009 81 11; 2009 81 19; 2009 81 31; 2009 81 59), which were subject to a 25% duty, and for the second rebalancing measures which would have been due in December 2021, the product of concern was dried cranberries (20089391).In terms of timing, it is anticipated that both letters will be published around 20th September. The European Commission have repeated that 31 October is the deadline for the EU and US to agree to the Global Arrangement on Sustainable Steel and Aluminium (GSA), which is the basis for averting the restatement of both Annex I and Annex II retaliatory tariffs from the EU and the US 232 tariffs.Contact: Lebo Mofolo, lmofolo@frucom.euPESTICIDES: EU TO DISCUSS MULTIPLE COMMONLY USED PESTICIDES, DRAFTS AVAILABLEThe Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed Section Phytopharmaceuticals – Pesticide Residues will have a meeting on 18 - 19 September 2023. The agenda is available here: <https://food.ec.europa.eu/system/files/2023-08/sc_phyto_20230918_ppr_agenda.pdf>The drafts have now been made available.Section B Draft(s) presented for an opinionB.01 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for oxamyl in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089655/2/consult?lang=en>B.02 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending AnnexesII, III and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for desmedipham, etridiazole, flurtamone, profoxydim, difenacoum, and potassium permanganate in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089864/2/consult?lang=en>B.03 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for indoxacarb in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/087938/3/consult?lang=en>B.04 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for cyflumetofen, oxathiapiprolin and pyraclostrobin in or on certain productsLink: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/091942/1/consult?lang=en>B.05 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending and correcting Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for mandipropamid in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089656/2/consult?lang=en>B.06 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for fipronil in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089865/2/consult?lang=en>B.07 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for diethofencarb, fenoxycarb, flutriafol and pencycuron in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/087773/3/consult?lang=en>B.08 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for (Z)- 13-hexadecen-11-yn-1-yl acetate, (Z,Z,Z,Z)-7,13,16,19-docosatetraen-1-yl isobutyrate, acrinathrin, azimsulfuron, famoxadone, prochloraz and sodium hypochlorite in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/087941/3/consult?lang=en>B.09 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for haloxyfop in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089878/2/consult?lang=en>B.10 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/…amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for thiacloprid in or on certain products.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/089880/2/consult?lang=en>B.11 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Regulation (EU) …/… amending Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards Pythium oligandrum strain M1, Trichoderma atroviride strain AGR2 and Trichoderma atroviride strain AT10.Link: <https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/comitology-register/screen/documents/091841/1/consult?lang=en>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euCONTAMINANTS: EFSA OPINION ON MINERAL OILEFSA has published its scientific opinion on the update of the risk assessment of mineral oil hydrocarbons in food.Mineral oil hydrocarbons (MOH) are composed of saturated hydrocarbons (MOSH) and aromatic hydrocarbons (MOAH). They can enter food in many ways: through environmental contamination, use of lubricants for machinery, release agents, processing aids, food or feed additives and migration from food contact materials. MOSH accumulation is observed in various tissues, with species-specific differences, namely liver and spleen. The highest dietary exposure to MOSH was estimated for the young population, with lower bound–upper bound (LB–UB) means and 95th percentiles of 0.085–0.126 and 0.157–0.212 mg/kg bw per day, respectively. Considering a margin of exposure approach EFSA concluded that the present dietary exposure to MOSH does not raise concern for human health for all age classes. Genotoxicity and carcinogenicity are associated with MOAH with three or more aromatic rings. For this subfraction, a surrogate relevant reference point of 0.49 mg/kg bw per day, calculated from data on eight polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, was considered. The highest dietary exposure to MOAH was also in the young population, with LB–UB mean and 95th percentile estimations of 0.003–0.031 and 0.011–0.059 mg/kg bw per day, respectively. Based on two scenarios on three or more ring MOAH contents in the diet and lacking toxicological information on effects of 1 and 2 ring MOAH, a possible concern for human health was raised.More information: <https://efsa.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.2903/j.efsa.2023.8215>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euHEALTH CLAIMS MADE ON FOODS: NEW STUDY BY EU PARLIAMENTOn September 8th, the EU Parliament published an assessment on health claims made on foods. The study aims to support the work of the European Parliament's Subcommittee on Public Health (SANT) on its implementation report on the EU Regulation on nutrition and health claims made on foods ([Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=celex%3A32006R1924)). The Commission report was published in 2020. Health claims are statements implying that consuming a specific food or ingredient has health benefits or supports the health of the consumer. Among the types of health claims are function claims, which are supported by generally accepted scientific evidence. The authorised claim on walnuts ('walnuts contribute to the improvement of the elasticity of blood vessels') is an example of function claim. Among the key points of the study are an evaluation of the Regulation, an examination of the available literature on health implications of botanicals, marketing practices on health claims and their impact on consumer behaviour, similarities and differences between the legal framework for health claims in the EU, the UK and the US, and policy recommendations. Nutrition claims are not in the scope. Link to the study: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/thinktank/en/document/EPRS\_STU(2023)747456](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/thinktank/en/document/EPRS_STU%282023%29747456) Contact: mzurli@frucom.euPESTICIDES: NEW MRLS FOR DENATONIUM BENZOATE, DIURON, ETOXAZOLE, METHOMYL AND TEFLUBENZURONThe Commission published a Regulation (EU) 2023/1783 amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for denatonium benzoate, diuron, etoxazole, methomyl and teflubenzuron in or on certain products. The approval of the active substance denatonium benzoate expired on 30 November 2020. The approval of the active substance diuron expired on 30 September 2020. The approval of the active substance methomyl expired on 31 August 2019. The approval of the active substance teflubenzuron expired on 30 November 2019. No application for renewal of approval had been submitted for these substances.The approval of the active substance etoxazole was renewed by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2105 with a specific provision that only uses of plant protection products on ornamental plants in permanent greenhouses shall be authorised by Member States. All existing authorisations for plant protection products containing that active substance for use on edible crops have been revoked. In the context of the procedure for the renewal of approval of that active substance, EFSA published a conclusion on the peer review explaining that, due to insufficient data, risks for human health from consumption of edible crops treated with etoxazole could not be excluded.New MRLs (mg/kg)Teflubenzuron (F)Tree nuts 0.01Pome fruits 0.01Stone fruits 0.01Oilseeds and oil fruit, including peanuts (excluding soyabeans and sunflower seeds) 0.01MethomylOilseeds and oil fruit, including peanuts 0.01DiuronFruits, fresh or frozen; tree nuts 0.01Oilseeds and oil fruit, including peanuts 0.01EtoxazoleFruits, fresh or frozen; tree nuts 0.01More information: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv%3AOJ.L_.2023.229.01.0063.01.ENG&toc=OJ%3AL%3A2023%3A229%3ATOC>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euPESTICIDES: EXTENSION OF THE APPROVAL PERIODS OF MULTIPLE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES, INCLUDING MCPA AND THYMOLThe Commission published an Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1757 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 as regards the extension of the approval periods of the active substances bensulfuron, chlormequat, chlorotoluron, clomazone, daminozide, deltamethrin, eugenol, fludioxonil, flufenacet, flumetralin, fosthiazate, geraniol, MCPA, MCPB, propaquizafop, prosulfocarb, quizalofop-P-ethyl, quizalofop-P-tefuryl, sodium 5-nitroguaiacolate, sodium o-nitrophenolate, sodium p-nitrophenolate, sulfuryl fluoride, tebufenpyrad, thymol, and tritosulfuron.For the active substances chlormequat, eugenol, flumetralin, fosthiazate, geraniol, propaquizafop, prosulfocarb, quizalofop-P-ethyl, quizalofop-P-tefuryl, sodium 5-nitroguaiacolate, sodium o-nitrophenolate, sodium p-nitrophenolate, sulfuryl fluoride, tebufenpyrad and thymol, the risk assessment pursuant to Article 11 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 844/2012 has not yet been finalised by the respective rapporteur Member States.For the active substances bensulfuron, chlorotoluron, deltamethrin, MCPA and MCPB; EFSA needs additional time to reach a conclusion requiring, where appropriate, a consultation of experts. Furthermore, additional time is needed for the Commission to adopt the ensuing risk management decision.For the active substances clomazone, daminozide, fludioxonil, flufenacet and tritosulfuron, additional information for the purposes of assessment of the approval criteria set out in point in Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, was requested by EFSA pursuant to Article 13(3a) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 844/2012 and was submitted by the applicants within the period set by EFSA. However, additional time is needed for EFSA to evaluate the information received and adopt a conclusion on whether the active substances can be expected to meet the approval criteria and for the Commission to adopt the ensuing risk management decision.Given that it is likely that no decision on the renewal of the approval of these active substances can be taken before the expiry of their respective approval periods on, and that the reasons for the delays in the renewal procedures are beyond the control of the respective applicants, the approval periods of the active substances should be extended in order to enable the completion of the assessments required and finalise the regulatory decision-making procedures on the respective applications for renewal of approval.Expiration of approval dates are amended as follows:Deltamethrin, the date is replaced by ‘15 August 2026’;Flufenacet, the date is replaced by ‘15 June 2025’;Fosthiazate, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Chlorotoluron, the date is replaced by ‘15 August 2026’;Daminozide, the date is replaced by ‘15 September 2025’;MCPA, the date is replaced by ‘15 August 2026’;MCPB, the date is replaced by ‘15 August 2026’;Prosulfocarb, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Fludioxonil, the date is replaced by ‘15 June 2025’;Clomazone, the date is replaced by ‘15 June 2025’;Tritosulfuron, the date is replaced by ‘15 July 2025’;Bensulfuron, the date is replaced by ‘15 August 2026’;Sodium 5-nitroguaiacolate, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Sodium o-nitrophenolate, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Sodium p-nitrophenolate, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Tebufenpyrad, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’;Chlormequat, the date is replaced by ‘28 February 2027’;Propaquizafop, the date is replaced by ‘28 February 2027’;Quizalofop-P-ethyl and Quizalofop-P-tefuryl, the date is replaced by ‘28 February 2027’;Sulfuryl fluoride, the date is replaced by ‘31 January 2027’.Eugenol, the date is replaced by ‘30 April 2026’;Geraniol, the date is replaced by ‘30 April 2026’;Thymol, the date is replaced by ‘30 April 2026’;Flumetralin, the date is replaced by ‘ 11 May 2026 ’.The Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union (published 12.09.2023).More information: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv%3AOJ.L_.2023.224.01.0028.01.ENG&toc=OJ%3AL%3A2023%3A224%3ATOC>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euPESTICIDES: NEW MRLS FOR PYRIPROXYFENThe Commission published a Regulation (EU) 2023/1753 amending Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 as regards maximum residue levels for pyriproxyfen in or on certain products.The EFSA concluded in its assessment that the MRLs for pyriproxyfen on almonds, chestnuts, hazelnuts, pecans, pistachios, walnuts, pine nuts kernels, pome fruits, grapes, table olives, kaki/Japanese persimmons, pineapples, tomatoes, sweet peppers, aubergines, cucurbits with edible peel, and watermelons should be lowered in line with the principle of setting MRLs at levels as low as reasonably achievable and based on the current GAPs and Codex maximum residue limits (‘CXLs’), which are confirmed as being safe for consumers. It also concluded that the MRLs for pyriproxyfen on apricots, peaches, plums, strawberries, mangoes, papayas, melons, cotton seeds and tea should be maintained based on the current GAPs (Good Agricultural Practice) and CXLs, which are confirmed as being safe for consumers. In addition, EFSA concluded that the MRLs for pyriproxyfen on citrus fruits, cherries and kumquats should be raised based on the current GAPs and CXLs, which are confirmed as being safe for consumers. Through the World Trade Organisation, the trading partners of the Union were consulted on the new MRLs and their comments have been taken into account.Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 as it stood before being amended by this Regulation shall continue to apply to products which were produced in the Union or imported into the Union before 2 April 2024.This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union (published 12.09.2023).It shall apply from 2 April 2024.New MRLs for pyriproxyfenCitrus fruits 0.7Tree nuts 0.01Pome fruits other than apples 0.01Apples 0.05Cherries (sweet) 1.5Stone fruits other (0140990) 0.01Grapes 0.01Cane fruits 0.01Other small fruits and berries (0154000) 0.01Miscellaneous fruits with edible peel other than Kumquats 0.01Kumquats 0.5Miscellaneous fruits with inedible peel, large other than bananas, Mangoes and papaya 0.01Mango 0.02Oilseeds (including peanuts) other than cottonseeds 0.01Oil fruits 0.01More information: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv%3AOJ.L_.2023.224.01.0001.01.ENG&toc=OJ%3AL%3A2023%3A224%3ATOC>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euPESTICIDES: RENEWED APPROVAL OF THE LOW-RISK ACTIVE SUBSTANCE CYDIA POMONELLA GRANULOVIRUS (CPGV)The Commission published an Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1756 renewing the approval of the low-risk active substance Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011. It has been established with respect to one or more representative uses of at least one plant protection product containing the active substance Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV) that the approval criteria provided for in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 are satisfied.The Commission further considers that Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV) is a low-risk active substance pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV) fulfils the conditions set out in point 5 of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 as it belongs to the Baculoviridae family and has not demonstrated adverse effects on any non-target insects.It is therefore appropriate to renew the approval of Cydia pomonella granulovirus (CpGV) as a low-risk substance.This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.It shall apply from 1 November 2023.Expiration of approval: 31 October 2038More information: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv%3AOJ.L_.2023.224.01.0023.01.ENG&toc=OJ%3AL%3A2023%3A224%3ATOC>Contact: ksaari@frucom.euRASFF NOTIFICATIONS: 2023/37 (11/09/2023 - 17/09/2023)Please find below a FRUCOM report compiling RASFF notifications of week 2023/37 (11/09/2023 - 17/09/2023).Information provided in the report is based on RASFF notifications published on the DG SANTE’s online database.[FRUCOMRASFF2023\_Week37](https://frucom.eu/component/attachments/attachments.html?task=attachment&id=2149)Contact: Martina Zurli, mzurli@frucom.eu |

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